CHA	apter 7w orkshee	TS		
	RECALLING THE FAC on the blanks with the words t		e sentences. Some words	s can be used more than
Byza Chur Front Gree Cons angu	iers ks 5 2	Mongols mosaics Muslims Orthodoxy Ottoman Turks Roman Venice Vikings		Puges And The
1.	The Byzantines codified		_ law and preserved the	
1	learning and language of the ancient			
2.	2. The Eastern Empire was able to endure long after Rome's fall because of			
:	skillful diplomacy, manageab	le	, and excellent	fortifications.
3.	3. The people who presented the greatest threat to Byzantine power were the			
, the followers of Islam.				
	The controversy during the reign of Leo III, which further divided the Orthodox Church from the Roman Catholic Church, was over the banning of			
	. By the eleventh century, had become an important rival to Constantinople, contributing further to its decline.			
6.	5. The emperor of the Eastern Empire was an absolute ruler who commanded			
	the military and dominated the			
7.	The Cyrillic alphabet was brought to Eastern Europe by Orthodox			
8.	. The Byzantine artistic contributions to the West included,			
	paintedchurch.	, and the crud	ciform ground plan for a	
9.	Russian civilization was begun in the ninth century A.D. by who erected fortress cities to protect lucrative trade.			
10.	With the introduction of		, the Russians adopte	ed
	the religious, political, and	legal traditions of the		**
11. The social class that held considerable political and economic power in				
	Russia were the			
12.	As a tributary state under the payments of goods and more			nged
13.	estates because they were p			
14.	twentieth century.	dominated East	ern Europe until the	
15	Eastern Europe.	was the main barrier	to uniting the nations of	f

DATE

CLASS

NAME